Caution: DRAFT FORM

This is an advance proof copy of an IRS tax form. It is subject to change and OMB approval before it is officially released. You can check the scheduled release date on our web site (www.irs.gov).

If you have any comments on this draft form, you can submit them to us on our web site. Include the word DRAFT in your response. You may make comments anonymously, or you may include your name and e-mail address or phone number. We will be unable to respond to all comments due to the high volume we receive. However, we will carefully consider each suggestion. So that we can properly consider your comments, please send them to us within 30 days from the date the draft was posted.

2006 Instructions for Schedule D

Draft Worksheets

2006 Instructions for Schedule D Draft Worksheets

These draft worksheets from the Instructions for Schedule D, for tax year 2006, are only available on the Internet. Since they are drafts, they are subject to change. If a worksheet is revised, it will be reposted only if there is a change in the computation. When the final version of the Instructions for Schedule D becomes available, these drafts will be removed.

The Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet is the worksheet to calculate the capital loss carryover for lines 6 and 14 of Schedule D.

The Schedule D Tax Worksheet is the worksheet to calculate the tax if line 18 or line 19 of Schedule D is more than zero.

Comments and suggestions. We welcome your comments about these worksheets.

You can write to us at the following address:

Internal Revenue Service Individual Forms and Publications Branch SE:W:CAR:MP:T:I 1111 Constitution Ave. NW, IR-6406 Washington, DC 20224 We respond to many letters by telephone. Therefore, it would be helpful if you would include your daytime phone number, including the area code, in your correspondence.

You can email us at *taxforms@irs.gov. (The asterisk must be included in the address.) Please put "Instructions Comment" on the subject line. Although we cannot respond individually to each email, we do appreciate your feedback and will consider your comments as we revise our tax products.

Capital Loss Carryover Worksheet—Lines 6 and 14



Use this worksheet to figure your capital loss carryovers from 2005 to 2006 if your 2005 Schedule D, line 21, is a loss and (a) that loss is a smaller loss than the loss on your 2005 Schedule D, line 16, or (b) the amount on your 2005 Form 1040, line 41 (or your 2005 Form 1040NR, line 38, if applicable), reduced by any amount on your 2005 Form 8914, line 2, is less than zero. Otherwise, you do not have any carryovers

1.	Enter the amount from your 2005 Form 1040, line 41, or Form 1040NR, line 38. If a loss, enclose the amount in parentheses
2.	Did you file Form 8914 (to claim an exemption amount for housing someone displaced by Hurricane Katrina)
	for 2005?
	□ No. Enter -0 □ Yes. Enter the amount from your 2005 Form 8914, line 2
3.	Subtract line 2 from line 1. If the result is less than zero, enclose it in parentheses
4.	Enter the loss from your 2005 Schedule D, line 21, as a positive amount
5.	Combine lines 3 and 4. If zero or less, enter -0-
6.	Combine lines 3 and 4. If zero or less, enter -0- Enter the smaller of line 4 or line 5
	If line 7 of your 2005 Schedule D is a loss, go to line 7; otherwise, enter -0- on line 7 and go to line 11.
7.	Enter the loss from your 2005 Schedule D, line 7, as a positive amount
8.	Enter any gain from your 2005 Schedule D, line 15. If a loss, enter -0
9.	Add lines 6 and 8 9
10.	Short-term capital loss carryover for 2006. Subtract line 9 from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0 If more than
	zero, also enter this amount on Schedule D, line 6
	If line 15 of your 2005 Schedule D is a loss, go to line 11; otherwise, skip lines 11 through 15.
11.	Enter the loss from your 2005 Schedule D, line 15, as a positive amount
12.	Enter any gain from your 2005 Schedule D, line 7. If a loss, enter -0
13.	Subtract line 7 from line 6. If zero or less, enter -0
14.	Add lines 12 and 13
15.	Long-term capital loss carryover for 2006. Subtract line 14 from line 11. If zero or less, enter -0 If more
	than zero, also enter this amount on Schedule D, line 14

Schedule D Tax Worksheet



Complete this worksheet only if line 18 or line 19 of Schedule D is more than zero. Otherwise, complete the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet on page 38 of the Instructions for Form 1040 (or in the Instructions for Form 1040NR) to figure your tax.

- Exception: Do not use the Qualified Dividends and Capital Gain Tax Worksheet or this worksheet to figure your tax if:
 Line 15 or line 16 of Schedule D is zero or less and you have no qualified dividends on Form 1040, line 9b (or Form 1040NR, line 10b); or
 - Form 1040, line 43 (or Form 1040NR, line 40) is zero or less.

Instead, see the instructions for Form 1040, line 44 (or Form 1040NR, line 41).

1	Enter your taxable income from Form 1040, line 43 (or Form 1040NR, line 40)	1.
	Enter your qualified dividends from Form 1040, line 9b (or	1
4.	Form 1040NR, line 10b)	
3.	Enter the amount from Form 4952, line 4g 3.	
4.	Enter the amount from Form 4952, line 4e* 4.	
5.	Subtract line 4 from line 3. If zero or less, enter -0	
6.	Subtract line 5 from line 2. If zero or less, enter -0	
7.	Enter the smaller of line 15 or line 16 of Schedule D	
8.	Enter the smaller of line 3 or line 4 8.	
9.	Subtract line 8 from line 7. If zero or less, enter -0	
10.	Add lines 6 and 9	
11.	Add lines 18 and 19 of Schedule D	
12.	Enter the smaller of line 9 or line 11	
13.	Subtract line 12 from line 10	13.
	Subtract line 13 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0	14
15.	Enter the smaller of:	
	• The amount on line 1 or	
	• \$30,650 if single or married filing separately; \$61,300 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); or	
	501,500 It married lining jointly or quantying widow(er); or	
16	\$41,050 if nead of nousehold	
17.	Enter the smaller of line 14 or line 15	
	Enter the larger of line 16 or line 17	
10.	If lines 15 and 16 are the same, skip lines 19 and 20 and go to line 21. Otherwise, go to line 19.	
19.	Subtract line 16 from line 15	
	Multiply line 19 by 5% (.05)	20.
	If lines 1 and 15 are the same, skip lines 21 through 33 and go to line 34. Otherwise, go to line 21.	
21.	Enter the smaller of line 1 or line 13	
22.	Enter the amount from line 19 (if line 19 is blank, enter -0-)	
23.	Subtract line 22 from line 21. If zero or less, enter -0	
24.	Multiply line 23 by 15% (.15)	24
	If Schedule D, line 19, is zero or blank, skip lines 25 through 30 and go to line 31. Otherwise, go to line 25.	
25.	Enter the smaller of line 9 above or Schedule D, line 19	
26.	Add lines 10 and 18	
27.	Enter the amount from line 1 above	
20.	Subtract line 28 from line 25. If zero or less, enter -0	
30	Multiply line 29 by 25% (.25)	30.
50.	If Schedule D, line 18, is zero or blank, skip lines 31 through 33 and go to line 34. Otherwise, go to line 31.	Ju
31.	Add lines 18, 19, 23, and 29	
32.	Subtract line 31 from line 1	
	Multiply line 32 by 28% (.28)	33.
34.	Figure the tax on the amount on line 18 . Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies	34.
	Add lines 20, 24, 30, 33, and 34	
36.	Figure the tax on the amount on line 1. Use the Tax Table or Tax Computation Worksheet, whichever applies	36.
37.	Tax on all taxable income (including capital gains and qualified dividends). Enter the smaller of line 35 or line 36. Also	
	include this amount on Form 1040, line 44 (or Form 1040NR, line 41)	37.
	*If applicable, enter instead the smaller amount you entered on the dotted line next to line 4e of Form 4952.	